

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/656,516	09/04/2003		Michael V. Paukshto	A-72209/AJT/TJH 8033			
32940	7590	10/05/2005		EXAMINER			
DORSEY &	WHITI	NEY LLP	WANG, GEORGE Y				
555 CALIFORNIA STREET, SUITE 1000							
SUITE 1000		-	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
SAN FRANC	CISCO, O	CA 94104	2871				

DATE MAILED: 10/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s) PAUKSHTO, MICHAEL V.			
		10/656,516				
Office Action Sur	nmary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		George Y. Wang	2871			
The MAILING DATE of th Period for Reply	is communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ac	dress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FR - Extensions of time may be available unde after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling do If NO period for reply is specified above, to Failure to reply within the set or extended	OM THE MAILING DA r the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 tee of this communication. ne maximum statutory period w period for reply will, by statute, three months after the mailing	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION	DN. imely filed m the mailing date of this c IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
<ul> <li>1)⊠ Responsive to communic</li> <li>2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.</li> <li>3)□ Since this application is in closed in accordance with</li> </ul>	2b)∏ This n condition for allowan	action is non-final.		e merits is		
Disposition of Claims						
4)	is/are withdraw wed. ted. ected to.	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
	September 2003 is/a nat any objection to the of (s) including the correction	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obje drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)  1) \( \sum \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) \( \sum \) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawi		4)	y (PTO-413) Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) ( Paper No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		0-152)		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Verrall et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,099,758, hereinafter "Verrall") in view of Mortazavi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,667,719, hereinafter "Mortazavi"), and in further view of Woodgate et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,483,613, hereinafter "Woodgate").
- 3. As to claims 1-3, 5, and 24, Verrall discloses a liquid crystal display device (fig. 1, ref. 10) comprising a front panel (fig. 1, ref. 18) and a rear panel (fig. 1, ref. 15) and a liquid crystal layer placed between the panels (fig. 1, ref. 16), where the front panel comprises an internal polarizer (fig. 1, ref. 17).

However, the reference fails to specifically disclose an internal polarizer between an electrode and where the polarizer is made of a material chemically stable at an elevated temperature of at least 150 °C.

Woodgate discloses an internal polarizer (fig. 25, ref. 66) for use in LCDs situated above an electrode (63), each being directly laminated (fig. 25).

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Mortazavi discloses a polarizer for use in LCDs made of an optically anisotropic dichroic crystal film comprising a rodlike supramolecules (col. 2, lines 66-67) formed from a lyotropic LC containing at least on dichroic dye (col. 4, lines 1-9) that is chemically stable at an elevated temperature of at least 150 °C (col. 4, lines 19-23).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have an internal polarizer between an electrode and a front or rear surface of a substrate in the panel since one would be motivated to prevent problems with the holding ration and possible visual contamination (Woodgate, col. 20, lines 1-6). Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the polarizer made of a material chemically stable at an elevated temperature of at least 150 °C since one would be motivated to provide high polarizing efficiency with good transmission (Mortazavi, col. 3, lines 1-5) in displays for optimized contrast control (col. 1, lines 15-16) under elevated temperature and humidity situations (col. 4, lines 56-67).

4. Regarding claims 4, 6-8, and 10-12, Verrall discloses the LCD device as recited above where the thickness of the internal polarizer is less than 1 micron (col. 4, lines 11-12) and further comprising an external polarizer (fig. 1, ref. 14) on the other panel, a reflecting layer (fig.1, ref. 13) on the rear panel that is diffusive and specular, and a backlighting system (fig. 1, ref. 11, 12).

5. <u>As per claim 9, Verrall discloses the LCD device as recited above, however, the reference fails to specifically discloses front lighting system.</u>

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included a front lighting system since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8. Furthermore, it front lighting systems are well known in the art to provide illumination in reflective-type displays.

- 6. <u>As per claims 13-17</u>, Verrall discloses the LCD device as recited above having at least on external polarizer (fig. 1, ref. 19) on the same panel as the internal polarizer (fig. 1, ref. 17), a backlighting system (fig. 1, ref. 11, 12) on the rear panel, and where the polarizers perform a function of filtering light (fig. 1, ref. 14).
- 7. Regarding claim 18, Verrall discloses the LCD device as recited above, however, the reference fails to specifically teach an antireflection or an antiglare coating.

Woodgare discloses a polarizer with functional layers that include an antireflection or an antiglare coating (col. 15, line 42).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included an antireflection or an antiglare coating since one would be motivated to eliminate the need for protective cladding an support structures of the polarizer and to maintain a relatively thinner and lighter profile (col. 15, lines 30-

53). This ultimately improves the brightness and maximized performance for the display over a wide range of transmission levels (col. 15, lines 30-53).

8. As to claims 19-23, Verrall discloses the LCD device as recited above where the thicknes and the order of functional layers are selected to ensure an interference extremum at the display output for at least one wavelength in the spectral range from 500 to 600 nm (col. 8, lines 18-24).

## Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-23 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

It has been noted that Applicant amended independent claim 1 to include the limitation to further clarify that the internal polarizer is situated between an electrode and "a front or rear surface" of a substrate in the panel.

### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Y. Wang whose telephone number is 571-272-2304. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert H. Kim can be reached on 571-272-2293. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

George Wang Patent Examiner AU 2871

ANDREW SCHECHTER
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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October 2, 2005

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